

# ABU DHABI COMMERCIAL Bank, India

Settlement of Claims of
Deceased Depositors
&
Return of Articles in Safe
Deposit Lockers/ Safe
Custody

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### **DOCUMENT CONTROL SHEET**

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### Part 1 - Introduction

- 1.1. Delays in settlement of claims by legal heirs of deceased constituents of banks cause considerable hardship to dependent legal heirs. Claims by legal heirs could be in respect of deposits, safe custody articles or contents of lockers. With a view to removing the hardships faced by Common Person, the RBI Committee on Procedures and Performance Audit on Public Services (CPPAPS) had suggested that the Reserve Bank of India may issue comprehensive guidelines in the matter and IBA may be asked to draft and circulate a comprehensive model operational procedure, which could be used by banks for settlement of claims of deceased depositors and Safe custody articles.
- 1.2. The legal position is quite clear in the matter of deceased claims. In the absence of nomination or clear mandate in respect of a joint account or a will left behind by the deceased depositor, banks are expected to pay the stock (balance outstanding) at the time of death of the person to all the legal heirs of the deceased. Considering the risk involved, banks traditionally used to look for legal representation (in the form of a succession certificate, letter of administration or probate, etc) for settlement of claims. The system of obtaining operational mandates in joint accounts emerged as a banking practice to overcome difficulties in settlement of claims in deceased accounts. Subsequently, the statutes were amended in 1985 to provide for nomination facility in bank deposits, safe deposit lockers and safe custody articles. However, since nomination facility is optional at the discretion of the depositor, problems and difficulties in settlement of deceased claims persisted.
- 1.3. The Reserve Bank of India vide its Circular No. DBOD.No.Leg.BC.95 /09.07.005/2004-05 dated 9th June, 2005 had issued detailed guidelines for evolving simplified procedure for settlement of claims in respect of deceased depositors. The CPPAPS



had also made recommendations for easy operation of lockers. Taking into consideration these recommendations RBI had issued detailed guidelines in respect of Safe Deposit Lockers and Safe Custody Articles emphasizing need for a simplified procedure for settlement of claims in respect of Safe Deposit Locker/ Safe Custody Articles Facility in the event of death of the depositors(s) vide its Circular DBOD.No.Leg.BC.78/09.07.005/2006-07 dated April 17, 2007.

- 1.4. The RBI vide its Circular DBOD.No.Leg.BC.80/09.07.005/2007-08 dated May 2, 2008 has issued guidelines for claims in respect of missing persons. The circular brings out the position of Law for presumption of death. The banks were advised to settle the claims of legal heirs of a missing person after considering the legal opinion and take into account the facts and circumstances of each case. The procedure to be followed for settlement of claims in respect of missing person is covered in chapter IV of this booklet.
- 1.5. In February 2006, IBA had circulated Model Operational Procedure covering settlement of claims in deceased deposit accounts. This revised Model Operational Procedure incorporates the subsequent RBI guidelines on settlement of claims in safe deposit locker/safe custody articles facility also. This model operational procedure will be applicable to the deceased claims in deposit accounts falling within the threshold limit. Deceased claims within the threshold limit will be settled against indemnity by legal heirs of the deceased without any legal representation in the absence of nomination or mandate given by deceased depositor(s). The drafting committee could not arrive at a similar threshold risk limit for settlement of claims in a deceased safe deposit locker/safe custody article account for settlement without legal representation considering the fact that value of assets remains unknown. It is expected that member banks would evolve a customer friendly approach in such cases as envisaged by the RBI.



## Part 2 — Guidance to the customers on advantages of nomination facility / survivorship mandate

#### 2.1 Nomination facility

- Nomination Facility an ideal tool to mitigate hardships of common persons in settlement of claims in the event of death of the account holder.
- Nomination facility simplifies the procedure for settlement of claims of deceased depositors as banks get a valid discharge by making payment of the balance outstanding in a depositor's account at the time of his death or delivering contents of locker or articles kept in safe custody to the nominee.
- Nomination is optional for bank customers. It is therefore necessary that nomination facility is popularized and customers are made aware of its advantages while opening a deposit account or opting for the lockers.
- Bank should inform account holder about the availability of nomination as a voluntary facility and recommend his/her availing the option. Nomination facility, if availed, would ensure smooth settlement of claim to the nominee.
- It should also be made clear to the depositor(s) that nomination is introduced solely for the purpose of simplifying the procedure for settlement of claims of deceased depositors and nomination facility does not take away the rights of



legal heirs on the estate of the deceased. The nominee would be receiving the stock from the bank as a trustee of the legal heirs.

#### 2.2. Survivorship

- A joint account opened as "Either or Survivor" or "Anyone or Survivors" or "Former or Survivor" or "Latter or Survivor" will permit the surviving account holder(s) to have unimpeded access to the credit balance in the account for withdrawal if one of the co-account holders dies.
- If the mandate of survivorship is given / provided, the survivor(s) can give a valid discharge to the bank in the case of "Either or Survivor" / "Anyone or Survivors" and "Former or Survivor" / "Latter or Survivor" joint accounts.
- In short, payment to survivor(s) can be made in the normal course subject to the only rider that there is no order from a competent court restraining the bank from making such payment.

#### 2.3 Customer Guidance and Publicity

This Model Operational Procedure (MOP) for settlement of claims of deceased depositors has been suggested with a view to removing hardships faced by common persons in settlement of claims in deceased accounts. This document also aims at creating greater awareness amongst depositors about the advantages of availing "nomination" facility offered by banks or giving operational mandates like "Either or Survivor", etc. when accounts are opened in joint names.

Bank may bring out pamphlets and other publicity materials incorporating details of operational procedures for settlement of claims of deceased depositors for distribution amongst depositors. Since our Bank is not into retail banking, we may provide this information to the Customers whenever requested by them.



Bank may give wide publicity and provide guidance to deposit account holders on the advantages of the nomination facility and the survivorship clause. It should be highlighted in the publicity material that in the event of the death of one of the joint account holders, the right to the deposit proceeds does not automatically devolve on the surviving joint deposit account holder/s, unless there is a survivorship clause. Since our Bank is not into retail banking, we may provide this information to the Customers at the time of opening the account or whenever requested by them.

### Part 3 – Settlement of claims in various types of accounts / facilities.

#### 3.1. Single Account with or without nomination

#### 3.1.1 Savings Account/Current Account

#### With Nomination:

The balance outstanding will be paid to the nominee on verification of his/her identity (such as Election ID Card, PAN Card, Passport etc.) and proof of death of depositor

#### Without Nomination:

The balance outstanding will be paid to the legal heirs (or any one of them as mandated by all of the legal heirs) on verification of the authority of the legal heirs and proof of death of depositor.

#### 3.1.2. Term Deposit Account

#### With Nomination:

The balance outstanding will be paid to the nominee on verification of his/her identity (such as Election ID Card, PAN Card, Passport etc.) and proof of death of depositor on maturity of deposit.

#### Without Nomination:



The balance outstanding will be paid to the legal heirs (or any one of them as mandated by all the legal heirs) on verification of the authority of the legal heirs and proof of death of depositor on maturity of deposit.

#### 3.1.3. Premature termination of Term Deposit Account

#### With Nomination:

Premature termination of term deposit account as per terms of contract will be permitted at the request of the nominee on verification of his/her identity (such as Election ID Card, PAN Card, Passport etc.) and proof of death of depositor.

#### Without Nomination:

Premature termination will be permitted on joint request by all legal heirs (or any of them as mandated by all the legal heirs) as per the terms of the contract on verification of the authority of the legal heirs and proof of death of depositor.

#### 3.1.4. Safe Deposit Lockers

#### With Nomination:

The nominee will be allowed to access the locker and remove the contents on identification (such as Election ID Card, PAN Card, Passport etc.) and verification of proof of death of locker hirer. Before permitting the nominee to remove contents of the Safe Deposit Locker, the bank would prepare an inventory of the articles in the presence of nominee(s) and two independent witnesses. Form for taking inventory is enclosed as Annexure – 7. (Presently our Bank is not offering Locker facility in India hence this clause is not applicable).



### ABU DHABI COMMERICAL BANK INDIA [ADCBI] Without Nomination:

Legal heir(s) of the deceased locker hirer or a person mandated by the legal heir(s) will be allowed to access the locker and remove the contents on verification of proof of death of locker hirer. The legal heir(s) will have to produce documents to establish his / their identity. Before permitting legal heir(s) to remove contents of the Safe Deposit Locker the bank would prepare an inventory of the articles in the presence of legal heir(s)/mandate holder and two independent witnesses. Form for taking inventory is enclosed as Annexure – 7(a). (Presently our Bank is not offering Locker facility in India hence this clause is not applicable).

#### 3.1.5. Safe Custody Article/s

#### With Nomination:

Safe custody article/s will be delivered to the nominee on identification (such as Election ID Card, PAN Card, Passport etc.) and verification of proof of death of depositor. Before permitting nominee to remove contents of the Safe Deposit Locker, the bank would prepare an inventory of the articles in the presence of nominee and two independent witnesses. Form for taking inventory is enclosed as Annexure – 8. (Presently our Bank is not offering Safe Custody Articles facility in India hence this clause is not applicable).

#### Without Nomination:

Safe custody article/s will be delivered to the legal heir(s) or a person mandated by the legal heir(s) on establishing his / their identification and verification of proof of death of the depositor. Before permitting legal heir(s) to remove contents of a Safe Custody Articles the bank would prepare an inventory of the articles in the presence of legal heir(s) /mandate holder and two



independent witnesses. Form for taking inventory is enclosed as Annexure -8(a). (Presently our Bank is not offering Safe Deposit Articles facility in India hence this clause is not applicable).

#### 3. 2. Joint Account with or without nomination and Without survivorship mandate (operated jointly)

#### 3.2.1. Savings Account/Current Account

#### With Nomination:

- a) In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the joint account holders, the balance outstanding will be paid jointly to survivor(s) and the legal heirs of the deceased joint account holder (or any of them as mandated by all the legal heirs) against their joint claim on verification of the authority of the legal heirs and proof of the death of the depositors.
- b) In the event of death of both / all joint account holders, the balance outstanding at the time of death of the depositors will be paid to the nominee on verification of his identity (such as Election ID Card, PAN card, Passport etc.) and proof of death of depositors

#### Without Nomination:

a) In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the joint account holders, the amount outstanding will be paid jointly to survivor(s) and the legal heirs of the deceased account holder (or any one of them as mandated by all the legal heirs) against their joint claim on verification of the authority of legal heirs and proof of death of depositor.



b) In the event of death of both/ all joint account holders, the balance outstanding will be paid jointly to the legal heir(s) of all the deceased depositors (or any of them as mandated by all the legal heirs) on verification of authority of the legal heirs and proof of death of the depositors.

#### 3.2.2. Term Deposit Account

#### With Nomination:

a) In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the joint account holders, the balance outstanding will be paid jointly to survivor(s) and the legal heirs of the deceased joint account holder (or any one of them as mandated by all the legal heirs) on verification of identity of the legal heirs and proof of death of the depositor on maturity of the deposit.

b) In the event of death of both / all the joint account holders, the balance outstanding at the time of death of the depositors will be paid to the nominee on verification of his/her identity (such as Election ID Card, PAN Card, Passport etc.) and the proof of death of depositors on maturity of the deposit.

#### **Without Nomination:**

a) In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the joint account holders, the balance outstanding will be paid jointly to the survivor(s) and the legal heir(s) of the deceased joint account holders (or any of them as mandated by all the legal heirs) against their joint claim on verification of authority of the legal heirs and proof of death of the depositor on maturity of the deposit.

b) In the event of death of both / all the joint account holders, the balance outstanding will be paid jointly to the legal heirs of all the deceased depositors (or any one of them as mandated by all legal heirs) on verification of authority of the legal heirs and proof of death of depositors on the maturity of the deposit.



#### 3.2.3. Premature termination of Term Deposit Account

#### With Nomination:

- a) In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the joint account holders, premature termination will be permitted against joint request of the survivor(s) and the legal heir(s) (or any one of them as mandated by all legal heirs) as per the terms of contract on verification of identity of the legal heirs and proof of death of depositor.
- b) Premature termination of term deposit account as per the terms of contract will be permitted at the request of the nominee on verification of his/her identity (such as Election ID Card, PAN Card, Passport etc.) and proof of the death of the depositors.

#### **Without Nomination:**

- a) In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the joint account holders, premature termination will be permitted against joint request by the survivor(s) and the legal heir(s) of all the deceased depositors (or any one of them as mandated by all legal heirs) as per the terms of contract on verification of authority of legal heirs and proof of death of depositor.
- b) In the event of death of both / all the joint account holders, premature termination will be permitted against joint request by all legal heirs of the deceased depositors (or any one of them as mandated by all legal heirs) as per the terms of contract on verification of authority of legal heirs and proof of death of depositors.



## ABU DHABI COMMERICAL BANK INDIA [ADCBI] 3.2.4. Safe Deposit Lockers

#### With Nomination:

a) In the event of the death of one (or more but not all) of the joint locker hirers the nominee(s) will be jointly allowed to access the locker and remove the contents on identification and verification of proof of death of the locker hirer(s) along with the surviving hirer(s).

b) In the event of death of both / all joint locker hirers the nominee(s) will be allowed to access the locker and remove the contents on establishing his/her/their identity and verification of proof of the death of the hirers.

Before permitting surviving hirer(s) and/or nominee(s) to remove contents of the Safe Deposit Locker, the bank would prepare an inventory of the articles in their presence along with two independent witnesses. Form for taking inventory is enclosed as Annexure – 7. (Presently our Bank is not offering Locker facility in India hence this clause is not applicable).

#### Without Nomination:

a) In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the locker hirers, the surviving hirer(s) and legal heirs of the deceased hirer (or a person mandated by them) would be allowed to access the locker and remove the contents on verification of authority of legal heirs and proof of death of the hirer.

b) In the event of death of both / all the joint locker hirers, all the legal heirs (or any one of them as mandated by all legal heirs) would be allowed to access the locker and remove the contents on verification of authority of legal heirs and proof of death of the locker hirers.



Before permitting surviving hirers and mandated legal heir(s) to remove contents of a Safe Deposit Locker, the bank would prepare an inventory of the articles in the presence of surviving hirers, mandated legal heir(s) and two independent witnesses. Form for taking inventory is enclosed as Annexure -7(a). (Presently our Bank is not offering Locker facility in India hence this clause is not applicable).

#### 3.2.5. Safe Custody Article/s

Generally, safe custody articles are not accepted in joint names. Even if accepted in joint names nomination facility is not provided. (Presently our Bank is not offering Safe Custody Articles facility in India hence this clause is not applicable).

3.3. Joint account with mandate "Either or Survivor"/"Former or survivor"/ "Anyone or Survivors"/ "Latter or Survivor" - with or without nomination:

#### 3.3.1 Savings Account / Current Account

#### With Nomination:

- a) In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the depositors, the balance outstanding will be paid to survivor (s) on verification of proof of death of the depositor.
- b) In the event of death of both/all the joint depositors, the balance outstanding will be paid to the nominee on verification of his/her identity (such as Election ID Card, PAN Card, Passport etc.) and proof of death of depositors.



#### Without Nomination:

- a) In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the depositors, the balance outstanding will be paid to survivor on verification of proof of death of the depositor.
- b) In the event of death of both/all the joint depositors, the balance outstanding will be paid jointly to the legal heirs (or any one of them as mandated by all the legal heirs) on verification of authority of legal heirs and proof of death of depositors.

#### 3.3.2 Term Deposit Account

#### With Nomination:

- a) In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the depositors, the balance outstanding will be paid to survivor(s) on verification of proof of death of the depositors on maturity of deposit or as agreed at the time of opening of deposit.
- b) In the event of death of all joint depositors, the balance outstanding will be paid to the nominee on verification of his/her identity (such as Election ID Card, PAN Card, Passport etc.) and proof of death of depositors on maturity of deposit or as agreed at the time of opening of deposit.

#### Without Nomination:



- a) In the event of death of one of the depositors (or more, but not all), the balance outstanding will be paid to the survivors on verification of proof of death of the depositor on maturity of deposit or as agreed at the time of opening of deposit.
- b) In the event of death of all joint depositors, the balance outstanding will be paid to the legal heir(s) of all the deceased depositors (or any one of them as mandated by all the legal heirs of joint holders) on verification of authority of legal heirs and proof of death of depositors on maturity of deposit.

#### 3.3.3 Premature termination of Term Deposit Account

#### With Nomination:

- a) In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the depositors, the survivor(s) will have the right to seek premature termination of term deposit account as per the terms of contract on verification of proof of death of the depositor.
- b) In the event of death of all the joint depositors, the nominee will have right to seek premature termination of term deposit account as per the terms of the contract on verification of his/her identity (such as Election ID Card, PAN Card, passport etc.) and proof of death of depositors.

#### Without Nomination:

a) In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the depositors premature termination will be allowed against request from surviving depositor(s) as per the terms of the contract on verification of the proof of the death of the depositor.



b) In the event of death of all joint depositors, premature termination will be permitted against joint request by all legal heirs of the deceased depositors (or any one of them as mandated by all the legal heirs) as per the terms of contract on verification of authority of legal heirs and proof of death of depositors.

#### 3.3.4 Safe Deposit Lockers

#### With Nomination:

At present B R Act (Section 45 ZE) does not provide nomination facility in respect of lockers with "Either or Survivor" / "Former or Survivor"/"Anyone or Survivors" / "Latter or Survivor" mandate. Hence operational instructions are not given in this regard. (Presently our Bank is not offering Locker facility in India hence this clause is not applicable).

#### Without Nomination:

- a) In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the joint hirers, the surviving hirer(s) will be allowed to access the locker and remove the contents on verification of proof of death of the joint hirer(s).
- b) In the event of death of all the locker hirers, all the legal heirs of the deceased joint hirers (or any one of them as mandated by all legal heirs) would be allowed to access the locker and remove the contents on verification of the authority of legal heirs and proof of death of the locker hirers.



Before permitting the surviving hirers/legal heir(s) to remove contents of a Safe Deposit Locker, the bank would prepare an inventory of the articles in the presence of surviving hirers/legal heirs and two independent witnesses. Form for taking inventory is enclosed as Annexure – 7(a). (Presently our Bank is not offering Locker facility in India hence this clause is not applicable).

#### 3.3.5 Safe Custody Article/s

Generally safe custody articles are not accepted in joint names. Even if accepted in joint names nomination facility is not provided. (Presently our Bank is not offering Safe Deposit Articles facility in India hence this clause is not applicable).

Note: Certain general clarifications about Nomination rules are given in Annexure 1.

Claim specific actions / steps to be taken for settlement in respect of different accounts / facilities are illustrated in the tabulated form in the Annexure 1(a).



### Part 4 – Settlement of claims in respect of Missing Persons

#### 4.1. Legal Position

The settlement of claims in respect of missing persons would be governed by the provisions of Section 107/108 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872. Section 107 deals with presumption of continuance and section 108 deals with presumption of death. As per the provisions of Section 108 of the said Act, presumption of death can be raised only after a lapse of seven years from the date of his/her being reported missing. As such, nominee/legal heirs have to raise an express presumption of death of the subscriber under Section 107/108 of the Indian Evidence Act before a competent court. If the court presumes that he/she is dead, then the claim in respect of a missing person can be settled as is done for any other deceased accounts.

#### 4.2. Adoption of simplified procedures to avail inconvenience and undue hardship to the common person.

Obtaining court order regarding presumption of death could prove to be costly and time consuming for a common person. Hence the RBI has suggested that banks may follow a simplified procedure for settlement of such claims up to a threshold limit to be fixed by individual having regard to the risk involved. These guidelines will help the banks to settle the claims in respect of missing person after considering the legal opinion and taking into account the facts and circumstances of each case to avoid inconvenience and undue hardship to the common person. It is likely that some banks may be having in place more simplified procedures for settlement of such claims in low risk category accounts. Our bank fixes the threshold limit of INR 50,000/- for settlement of claim of missing person under simplified procedures.



## ABU DHABI COMMERICAL BANK INDIA [ADCBI] 4.3. Settlement of claims within threshold limits

The claim within that limits of INR 50,000/- should be settled without insisting on production of any documentation other than;

- (i) FIR for reporting missing of a person.
- (ii) Non-traceable report issued by police authorities.
- (iii) Letter of indemnity



## Part 5 – Simplification of the process for settlement of claims in deceased depositors' accounts

#### 5.1 Documentation

Documents, which are required to be submitted along with the claim form:

- 1. Proof of death of depositor(s) or hirer(s).
- 2. Proof of identification of nominee(s) wherever is applicable such as Election ID Card, PAN Card, Passport etc., or any other satisfactory proof of identification acceptable to the bank or proof of authority of legal heir(s) wherever is applicable.
- 5.1.1 Bank should exercise due care and caution in ascertaining the identity of legal heir(s) /nominee(s) and the fact of death of the account holder, through appropriate documentary evidence. If necessary, any official of the member banks shall visit the place of the depositors to enquire about the genuineness of such claims.
- 5.1.2 It should be made clear to the survivor(s)/nominee(s) that he / they would be receiving the payment from the bank as a trustee of the legal heirs of the deceased depositor, i.e., such payment to him / them shall not affect the right or claim which any person may have against the survivor(s)/nominee(s) to whom the payment is made.
- 5.1.3 It may be noted that since payment made to the survivor(s) / nominee(s), subject to the foregoing conditions, would constitute a full discharge of the bank's liability, insistence on production of legal representation is superfluous and unwarranted and it would only serve to cause avoidable inconvenience to the survivor(s)/nominee(s). In such case, therefore, while making



payment to the survivor(s)/nominee(s) of the deceased depositor, the bank should not insist on production of succession certificate, letter of administration or probate, etc., or obtain any bond of indemnity or surety from the survivor(s)/nominee(s), irrespective of the amount standing to the credit of the deceased account holder.

5.1.4 In case where the deceased depositor had not made any nomination or for the accounts other than those styled as "either or survivor" (such as single or jointly operated accounts), bank may adopt a simplified procedure for repayment to legal heir(s) of the depositor keeping in view the imperative need to avoid inconvenience and undue hardship to the common person. In this context, bank will, keeping in view its risk management systems, fix a minimum threshold limit of Rs. 50,000/-, for the balance in the account of the deceased depositors, up to which claims in respect of the deceased depositors would be settled without insisting on production of any documentation other than a letter of indemnity.

#### 5.2 Time Norms for settlement of claims

Member bank will settle the claims in respect of deceased depositors and release payments to survivor (s)/ nominee in case of accounts with survivor/ nominee within a period not exceeding 15days from the date of receipt of the claim subject to the production of proof of death of the depositor and suitable identification of the claimant(s) to the bank's satisfaction. In the case of accounts without survivor/ nominee clause the claim should be settled within 1 month from the date on which the requisite documents have been submitted.

#### 5.3 Competent authority for settlement of claims

Keeping in view the objective of settling the claims within a period not exceeding 15 days from the receipt of the claim and the risk management policy, bank may specify clearly monetary limits for different levels of officers for settlement of claims.



## 5.4 Premature termination of Term Deposits Accounts and payment of interest / other issues relating to Term Deposit Account

- 5.4.1 In the case of term deposits, member banks are advised to incorporate a clause in the account opening form itself to the effect that in the event of the death of the depositor(s), premature termination of term deposits by the survivor(s)/ nominee/ legal heirs would be allowed. The conditions subject to which such premature withdrawal would be permitted may also be specified in the account opening form. Such premature withdrawal would not attract any penal charge.
- 5.4.2 Payment of interest in case of term deposit accounts of deceased depositor(s)

In case of a term deposit standing in the name/s of -

- (1) a deceased individual depositor, or
- (2) two or more joint depositors, where one of the depositors has died, interest shall be paid in the manner indicated below
  - (i) on the maturity of the deposit:
  - at the contracted rate
  - (ii) In case of premature withdrawal by legal heir(s)/nominee/legal heir, i.e., in the event of the payment of deposit being claimed before the maturity date:



The bank will pay interest at applicable rate with reference to the period for which the deposit has remained with the bank without charging penalty.

(iii) In case of deposit being claimed after the date of maturity:

Payment of interest on matured deposits is as per clause mentioned in the Deposit Policy.

#### 5.4.3 Splitting of Term Deposit

If, on request from the claimant/s, the bank agrees to split the amount of term deposit and issues two or more receipts individually in the names of the claimant/s, it shall not be construed as premature withdrawal of the term deposit, provided the period and aggregate amount of the deposit do not undergo any change.

#### 5.5 Treatment of flows in the name of the deceased depositor

In order to avoid hardship to the survivor(s) / nominee of a deposit account, banks may obtain appropriate agreement / authorization from the survivor(s) / nominee with regard to the treatment of pipeline flows in the name of the deceased account holder. In this regard, member banks could consider adopting either of the following two approaches:

•	The bank could be a	authorized by the	survivor(s) /	nominee o	f a deceased	account	holder to	open an	account s	styled as
	'Estate of Shri	, th	e Deceased'	where all th	e pipeline flov	ws in the r	name of th	ne deceas	ed accou	nt holder
	could be allowed to b	e credited, provid	ed no withdra	wals are m	ade.					

OR



• The bank could be authorized by the survivor(s) / nominee to return the pipeline flows to the remitter with the remark "Account holder deceased" and to intimate the survivor(s) / nominee accordingly. The survivor(s) / nominee / legal heir(s) could then approach the remitter to effect payment through a negotiable instrument or through ECS transfer in the name of the appropriate beneficiary.

#### 5.6 Provisions of Law regarding Legal heirs

#### 5.6.1 Hindu

- If the deceased is a male Hindu, dying in testate, it must be ascertained whether there are one or more Class-I legal heirs.
- The following are called Class-I legal heirs: mother, widow, son, daughter, son of a predeceased son, son/daughter of a predeceased daughter, son or daughter or widow of a predeceased son of a predeceased son, widow of a predeceased son, son / daughter of predeceased daughter of predeceased daughter, daughter of predeceased son of a predeceased daughter, daughter of predeceased daughter of predeceased son also. All Class-I legal heirs take simultaneously to the exclusion of any other legal heir and no one takes precedence over the other.
- The Class-II legal heirs are classified in different Entries and legal heirs belonging to Entry-I will be preferred to the second entry and so on in succession. But there is no preference among these falling in the same entry and they take their share simultaneously

Entry-I - Father



Entry-II - (a) Son's daughter's son, (b) Son's daughter's daughter (c) Daughter's Daughter's son, (d) Daughter's daughter's daughter (e) brother and sister.

Entry-III- Son/ daughter of daughter's son and son /daughter of daughter's daughter.

Entry -IV - Gives son/daughter of brother or sister as the heirs and many more.

- In case, the deceased is a married female Hindu, who died intestate, the following are her legal heirs. (a) Sons & daughters (including the children of any predeceased son) & the husband; (b) Heirs of husband; (c) Mother & Father, (d) Heirs of father; (e) Heirs of Mother.
- If a female Hindu who dies intestate does not have son/daughter, the property inherited from her parents goes to
  heirs of father whereas if the same is inherited from husband or parents-in-law, heirs of husband will inherit the
  property.

#### 5.6.2 Christian

- Where the deceased is a Christian, Indian Succession Act governs the intestate succession.
- As per the provision of this Act, the widow of the male intestate is entitled to one-third of the property while the remaining two-third goes to lineal descendants (i.e. sons & daughters) in equal shares. If he has none, whole property passes to his widow.



- If the male intestate has left no lineal descendant, one half goes to the widow and other half to the kindred (i.e., father, mother, brother, sister).
- In case a Christian female dies intestate, husband has the same right.

#### 5.6.3 Mohammedan

Inheritance in the case of Muslims is governed by the Sunni or shia law depending upon the sect in which they belong to.

According to Sunni law the classes of heirs are

Sharers --- Heirs by consanguinity

- 1. Ascendants: Father, True grandfather, Mother, True grandmother
- 2. Descendents: Daughter, Son's daughter,
- 3. Collateral : Full/consanguine sister, uterine brother/sister

Heirs by affinity - husband, wife

But these 12 sharers will inherit fixed shares subject to conditions. A sharer may be excluded by many reasons such as nearer in blood will exclude remote one in one class. Sometimes sharer may be converted as residuary or otherwise one sharer may be partly sharer and partly residuary.



#### 5.6.4 Residuary category:

After fixed share is allotted to the sharers the residue left is devolving upon the residuary:

Children male or female of deceased, of son of deceased, of father of deceased, male descendents of true grandfather

Son is always a residuary. Daughter with son becomes residuary. Among these, descendents exclude all others. Ascendants exclude all others except descendents and descendents of nearer ascendants exclude those in remote. In each class of residuary nearer blood excludes remote one. Division among these is according to the rule of double share to the male and if only one sex is there then equally divided.

In the absence of sharers and residuary estate devolves upon his other blood relations i.e., distant kindred

According to Shia law the heirs are

Heirs by consanguinity I (i) Parents

- (ii) Children & descendents
- II (i) Grand parents (true/false)
  - (ii) Brother or sister and descendents
- III Paternal or maternal uncle of him or his parents and grandparents

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Heirs by Marriage : Husband, wife

Heirs by consanguinity and heirs by affinity succeed simultaneously. Among heirs by consanguinity those in class I exclude those in class II. The heirs in two sections of class I succeeds together. In each section nearer in degree exclude the remote. The son always takes as a residuary.

A certificate from Muslim Jama-I-eth in the letterhead signed by the head of the institution to which the deceased was affiliated should be obtained giving details of legal heirs with their age. In case of male deceased, a categorical certificate to the effect that the deceased had not married any woman other than the one named in the list is to be insisted upon.

5.6.5 Minor's Interest and Guardianship

• Where the legal heir is a minor, his lawful guardian will represent his interest.

• For Hindus and Christians, minor's father is the natural guardian and after him the mother. Regarding the guardianship of a minor (Hindu) it has been decided by the Supreme Court that even mother can be a natural guardian even during the life time of father since the welfare of child is of utmost importance.

• For a minor, who is a Muslim, father, then person appointed by father's will, then father's father and then person appointed by father's father will be guardian in order.

A list of legal heirs under various personal laws is at Annexure-9.



## ABU DHABI COMMERICAL BANK INDIA [ADCBI] 5.7 Safe Deposit Locker

- 5.7.1. Procedure in case there is no Nomination/Survivorship clause:
- 5.7.1.1. On receipt of notice of death of a sole renter or of the last survivor of the joint renters, the locker should be sealed with the Bank's seal and a note to this effect should be made in the all respective records as well as in the Declaration Card. The Declaration Card should be taken out of card index cabinet and kept carefully in a separate file.
- 5.7.1.2. Branches may at their discretion, on production of satisfactory evidence, permit a legal representative of the deceased to inspect the contents of the locker to enable him /her to obtain the necessary succession certificate or any other legal representation.
- 5.7.1.3. On registration of the succession certificate, probate of a will or letters of administration, the successor, executor or the administrator respectively shall have power to deal with the contents of the locker.
- 5.7.1.4. The contents of the locker, sometimes, are not of great value/ importance, hence, obtaining legal representation involves cost as well as time. The branches may, therefore, in appropriate cases, allow the heirs of the deceased renter to have access to the locker and withdraw the contents against usual indemnity, subject to the following:
- (a) The claimants/heirs of the deceased renter should furnish necessary particulars in the claim format, which is ordinarily obtained in deposit accounts.
- (b) A prescribed letter should be taken from all the heirs requesting the Bank to open the locker for the purpose of inventory.



- (c) The branch should then fix up a date and time for making an inventory and accordingly an inventory may be taken in the presence of all the heirs/ their duly constituted attorney/ies, two respectable witnesses known to the branch (should not be employees or ex-employees of the Bank), the valuer, the Safe Deposit Vault Custodian and another officer. The inventory may be prepared in the prescribed inventory record form. After making an inventory, care should be taken to redeposit all the contents in the said locker and to seal the locker.
- 5.7.1.5. The branches should forward the inventory papers to the Regional Authority to enable them to consider delivering the contents against usual indemnity signed by the claimant/s and one or two surety/ies considered good for the amount involved.
- 5.7.1.6. On receipt of the approval, the claimant/s should be allowed to remove the contents from the locker after signing an indemnity and a letter of surrender together with the key.
- 5.7.1.7. Where an inventory is to be taken in terms of a court order, it should be done in the presence of (i) the Court's representative, (ii) the claimant/s to the contents of the locker held by the deceased renter, (iii) the valuer and (iv) two officers of the branch. The inventory should enumerate the contents of locker and it should be signed by those in whose presence the locker has been opened. The valuer's assessment of the value of each item of the inventory should be in triplicate, one copy to the Court, the second to the claimant and the third to be retained on branch record.

(Presently our Bank is not offering Locker facility in India hence Para 5.7 and sub-para are not applicable).

----- X -----



### **Annexure – 1: Clarifications regarding Provisions in Nomination Rules**

The Banking Companies (Nomination) Rules 1985 have been framed in terms of Sections 45 ZA to 45 ZF of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949.

#### 1. Deposit Accounts

- 1. Nomination facility is intended only for individuals including a sole proprietary concern.
- 2. There cannot be more than one nominee in respect of single/joint deposit account.
- 3. Banks may allow variation/cancellation of a subsisting nomination by all the surviving depositor(s) acting together. This is also applicable to deposits having operating instructions "Either of Survivor".
- 4. It may be noted that in the case of a joint deposit account the nominee's right arises only after the death of all the depositors.

#### 2. Safe Deposit Lockers

1. Nomination facility is available in respect of lockers hired singly as well as jointly. In respect of lockers in joint names nomination rules are applicable only if lockers are operated jointly.



- 2. Where the lockers are hired jointly, on the death of any of the joint hirers, the contents of the locker are allowed to be removed only jointly by the nominee(s) and the survivor(s) after an inventory is taken in the prescribed manner. In such a case, after such removal preceded by an inventory, the nominee and surviving hirer(s) may still keep the entire contents with the same bank, if they so desire, by entering into a fresh contract of hiring a locker.
- 3. Banks are not required to open sealed/closed packets found in locker while releasing them to the nominee or nominees and surviving hirers. Description of the sealed/closed packet(s) should however be mentioned in the inventory.
- 4. Section 45 ZE of the B.R Act, 1949 does not preclude a minor from being a nominee for obtaining delivery of the contents of a locker. The responsibility of the banks in such cases is to ensure that when the contents of a locker are sought to be removed on behalf of the minor nominee, the articles are handed over to a person who, in law, is competent to receive the articles on behalf of the minor.

(Presently our Bank is not offering Locker facility in India hence this clause is not applicable).

#### 3. Safe Custody Articles

1. Nomination facility is available only in the case of individual depositor / sole proprietary concern and not in respect of persons jointly depositing articles for safe custody.

(Presently our Bank is not offering Safe Custody Articles facility in India hence this clause is not applicable).



# Annexure-1(a): Settlement of Claims in Various types of Operational instructions

### **Deposits**

#### With Nomination

Account in the Name of	Operational Instructions	Nominee	Situation	What is to be done
A	Self	Χ	X dies	A can change the nomination
Α	Self	X	A dies	X will receive the outstanding
A, B	Either or	Χ	A dies	Balance outstanding will be payable to B.
	Survivor			
A, B	Either or	Χ	B dies	Balance outstanding will be payable to A.
	Survivor			
A,B	Either or	Χ	A & B dies	X will receive the outstanding
	Survivor			
A,B	Jointly	Χ	A dies	Payable to B and legal heirs of A jointly
A,B	Jointly	Χ	B dies	Payable to A and legal heirs of B jointly
A,B	Jointly	Χ	A & B dies	Payable to X

#### **Without Nomination**

Account in the Name of	Operational Instructions	Situation	What is to be done
Α	Self	A dies	Outstanding will be payable to the legal heirs or any one of them mandated by all of



Account in the Name of	Operational Instructions	Situation	What is to be done
			the legal heirs
A, B	Either or Survivor	A dies	Outstanding will be payable to B
A,B	Either or Survivor	B dies	Outstanding will be payable to A
A,B	Either or Survivor	A & B dies	Jointly payable to legal heirs of A & B (or any of them mandated by all the legal heirs)
A,B	Jointly	A dies	Jointly payable to B and legal heirs of the A (or any one of them mandated by all the legal heirs).
A,B	Jointly	B dies	Jointly payable to A and legal heirs of the B (or any one of them mandated by all the legal heirs)
A,B	Jointly	A & B dies	Jointly payable to legal heirs of A & B (or any of them mandated by all the legal heirs)

#### Lockers

#### With Nomination

Locker in the Name of	Operation al Instruction s	Nominee	Situation	What is to be done
Α	Self	Χ	X dies	A can change the nomination
Α	Self	Χ	A dies	X will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove contents
A,B	Jointly	X	A dies	B and X will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove contents jointly.
A,B	Jointly	X	B dies	A and X will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove contents jointly



Locker in the Name of	Operation al Instruction s	Nominee	Situation	What is to be done
A, B	Jointly	Х	A & B dies	X will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove contents.
A,B	Jointly	X & Y	A dies	B along with X and Y will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove contents jointly
A, B	Jointly	X & Y	B dies	A along with X and Y will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove contents jointly.
A,B	Jointly	X & Y	A & B dies	X and Y jointly will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove the contents

(Presently our Bank is not offering Locker facility in India hence this clause is not applicable).

#### **Without Nomination**

Locker in the Name	Operational Instructions	Situation	What is to be done
of			
Α	Self	A dies	Legal heirs of A or any of them mandated by any of them.
A, B	Either or Survivor	A dies	B will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove the contents.
A, B	Either or Survivor	B dies	A will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove the contents.
A,B	Either or Survivor	A & B dies	Legal heirs of A and B (or any one of them mandated by all legal heirs) will be given access to the locker and liberty to remove the contents.
A,B	Jointly	A dies	B and legal heirs of A (or any of them mandated by all legal heirs) will be given access to locker and liberty to remove the contents jointly.
A,B	Jointly	B dies	A and legal heirs of B (or any one of them mandate by all legal heirs) will be given access to locker and liberty to remove the contents jointly
A, B	Jointly	A & B dies	Legal heirs of A & B (or any of them mandated by all legal heirs) will be given



access to locker and liberty to remove the contents.

Presently our Bank is not offering Locker facility in India hence this clause is not applicable).

## **Annexure – 2: Settlement of Claims in respect of deceased Depositors**

#### **Check-list of Documents**

Claims	Document obtained : Yes/ No
Accounts with Nomination clause:	
(i) Application for Deceased Claim from Nominee/Guardian of nominee (Annexure-3)	
(ii) Copy of Death Certificate (Verified with original)	
(iii) Identity proof (as defined in Part= 5)	
2. Joint Accounts with Either of Survivor clause:	
(i) Application for Deceased Claim from Survivor(s) (Annexure – 3)	
(ii) Copy of Death Certificate (Verified with original)	
3. For cased other than Nomination/ Joint Accounts with survivor clause:  (for amounts upto threshold limit)	
(i) Application for Deceased Claim (Annexure -4)	
(ii) Copy of Death Certificate	
(iii) Letter of Indemnity signed by claimant(s) (Annexure – 5)	



4. Receipt (Annexure -6)

## **Annexure – 3: Application for Deceased Claim**

(To be used wheel)	hen acco	ount has no	mination or is	a joint acco	ount with surviv	or clause)				
From										
То										
The Branch M Bank	•	1								
	E	Branch								
Dear Sir,										
			Re: Deceas Late Shri/Sr Account No	nt						
I/We advise, t	he dem	ise of Shr	i/Smt			on			He/She hold	s the abov
account(s)	at	your	branch.	The	account	is	in	the	name(s)	of
A. In case of N	lominatio	on								



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				son/daughter o	re	esiding		 at						
•••••	(i) (ii)			ominee in the al authorized	oove ac	ccount (s) receive	payment	on . who		ehalf the	of nominee	Mas e in		Miss above
		acco	unt(s) and is	s a minor as on										
		tle the le decea		ne account in th	ne nam	ne of the nor	ninee. I/We re	ceive tl	he pa	ayme	nt as trus	tee(s	) of th	ne lega
B.	In the	e case o	of joint accou	ınt										
	reque: eratio	-	to delete the	e name of dece	ased p	erson and o	continue the a	ccount	in n	ny/ou	r name(s)	with	sam	e mode
	subm cation	•	ocopy of th	ne following do	ocumer	nt(s) togeth	er with origin	als. Pl	ease	retu	rn the or	igina	ltoι	ıs afte
			ficate issue of (required	d by in nomination	cases)				<u> </u>					
Place					•	Yours faithfo	ully,							
Date	:				+	(Claimant(s	)}							



## Annexure – 4: Application for deceased claim

•	he dem at	ise of Shri your	/Smt branch.	The	account	is i	n the	He/She hold name(s)	s the above of :
				Late Shri/S	Smt				
Dear Sir,			Po:	Deceased	Account				
		Branch							
Dear Sir,  Re: Deceased Account Late Shri/Smt									
To,									
From,									
(To be used to	r cases	other than r	iomination/jo	oint account	with survivor cla	ause)			

I/We lodge my/our claim for the balances with accrued interest lying to the credit of the above named deceased who died in testate. I/We am/are the legal heirs of the above named deceased and lodge my/our claim for payment as per the bank's rules and discretion. The relevant information about the deceased and the legal heirs are as under:



**Father** 

1. Names in full of the parents of the deceased:

Mother				<del> </del>		
2. Religio	on of the decease	ed:				
			) Children (iv) Father (			
	e/Address	Occupation	Relationship with Deceased	Age		
2						
3				<del></del>		
4						
6				<del></del>	<del></del>	
_	me or names of t the minor, Childi	he Guardian/s ren of the depositors			_	
(a) (b)	Whether Natu Whether Gua	ıral Guardian rdian appointed by				
. ,	Court of Law	in India. If so, attach a y or duly attested copy				
( c)		tody the				



ABU 5. (i) (ii) (iii)		ddress in full		
	submit the following docu	ments. Please returr	the original death certificate to us after verification.	
	<ol> <li>Death Certificate (</li> <li>Letter of indemnity</li> </ol>	Original + 1 photoco /	y) issued by	
	request you to pay t		nt lying to the credit of the above named deceas On my/our behalf.	sed to
I/We I	hereby solemnly affirm tha	at the above stateme	nts are true and correct to the best of my/our knowledge and	belief.
Place	:		Yours faithfully,	
Date	:	\$	ignature of Claimant (s)	
	Name of Claimant	Address	Signature	

# Annexure – 5: Affidavit cum Indemnity Letter In respect of payment of balance in deposit accounts / contents of safe deposit locker/ safe custody articles of deceased person;

(To be stamped with the duty payable for affidavit & Indemnity bond)

I/We Mr/Ms/Miss
(name/names of the claimants),
(s/o, w/o, d/o), aged,
address,
do hereby solemnly affirm and state as follows.

1. I/We am/are the legal heirs of Mr/Ms/Miss (name of deceased account holder) and the deceased is my/our (father/mother/wife/husband/son/daughter etc.)

2. I/We further state that I/We the following legal heirs are the only legal heirs entitled to claim the balance deposit/amount /jewels/ ornaments and other valuables the contents held in the locker/safe custody:-

No.	Name	Age	Relationship to the deceased
1.			
2.			
3.			



4.		
4.       5.		
3. I/We further state that the	deceased was holding an account (here	einafter referred to as "the account") (specify the account
details) in	branch of	bank (herein after referred to as "the Bank"). At the
time of the death of the dece	eased the account was having a credit	of Rs (balance amount in the account) which
includes interest upto	(date of payment) amount to Rs	(amount being now paid).
4. I/We affirm that I/We am/ar	e the sole legal heirs of the deceases wh	no are entitled to receive the amount standing in the credit
of the account belonging to the	e deceased.	
5. I/We have requested the	cank to make the payment of the amou	nt standing in the credit of the account belonging to the
deceased together with inter	est thereon as applicable to shri/smt	being one of the legal heirs for and on
behalf of all the legal heirs.		
	OR	
•	k to hand-over contents of the safe deposing one of the legal heirs for and on behalf	it locker/items held in safe custody to Shri/Smt. of all the legal heirs.
6. I/We are aware that the Ba	ınk has agreed to settle our claims relyinç	g on this affidavit and I/We agree to indemnify the bank in
respect of such payment or o	delivery of the contents of items in safe	deposit locker or held in safe custody against any claim
made by any person for the a	mount standing to the credit of the accou	nt of the deceased.



7. I/We for ourselves and my/our respective heirs, executors and administrators jointly and severally agree, affirm and undertake that the bank, its successors and assigns and its managers, agents, officers and servants and their respective estates and effects are and shall from time to time and at all times hereafter be kept safe and saved harmless and indemnified for and in respect of such payment and against all actions, losses, cost, charges, expenses and demands whatsoever in respect of the said payment or delivery of the contents of items in safe deposit locker or held in safe custody.

All the	averments	made	herein	before	are tr	ue and	l correct	and	I/We p	ut my/ou	ır sig	nature/ma	ark on th	nis	 Day of
• • • • • •	200_	at _		in the pi	resenc	ce of									

Signatures(s) of deponents. (claimants)

**Signature of Witness** 

Affidavit to be attested by Notary Public.



### Annexure – 6: RECEIPT

Received with	thanks	from	XXX	Bank,				bra	nch, a	sum	of Rs	<del></del>	
(Rupees					only)	by	Banker's	Cheque	No.				dated
	in fa	vour of	<u> </u>						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			in full a	and fina
settlement of my	y/our clair	m as s	ucces	sor on t	the balance i	n		Acc	ount(s)	No(s) _			
standing in the n	name of th	ne dece	eased	Shri/Sm	ıt/Kum								I/We
do not have any	other cla	im fron	n the E	ank her	nceforth.								
Place :													
Date :													
					(Signature o		the legal he enue stamp						
Declaration in ca	ase funds	are se	ttled in	ı favour	of a Minor								
I,			father	and na	tural guardia	n of _			_ herel	oy certify	that the	proceeds	of you
Banker's Chequ	ıe No				dated		f	avouring			i	ssued by	you ir
settlement of the	e balance	in acc	count r	number		<del></del>	of La	ate			will	be utilized	d for the
benefit of the mi	nor only.												



# Annexure-7: Form of Inventory of Contents of Safety Locker Hired from Banking Company

(Section 45ZE (4) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949) (To be used where there is nomination or survivorship clause)

		of contents of Safety Branch at	/ Locker No t	located	in the	e Safe	Deposit	Vault	of
* hired	by Shri/Smt		(deceased) in his/h	er sole name	).				
* hired	(ii)		Jointly						
was tak	ken on this	day of	20						
Sr.No.	Description of Ar	rticles in Safety Locker	Other Identifying Particulars	s, if any					
<ul> <li>By k</li> </ul>	breaking open the	ory, access to the locker w locker under his/her/their i y to the locker. ( Delete wh		I the surviving	g hirers				
The ab	ove inventory was	taken in the presence of:							
1.Shri/S	Smt	(Nomin	nee)						
~ .									



Address	<del></del>	(Signature)	
Shri/Smt	(Nominee)		_
Address	<del></del>	(Signature)	
and			Survivors
of joint hirers			
Address		(Signature)	
Shri/Smt			_
Address		(Signature)	
, ,	me, address and signature:		
* I, Shri/Smt	(1	Nominee)	
* We, Shri/Smt		(Nominee),	
	pt of the contents of the safety		_the survivors of the joint hirers, hereby set out in the above inventory together with a
Shri/Smt	(Nominee) Shri/Smt.		(Survivor)
Signature	Signature		



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_								

Date & Place			
	Shri/Smt.	(Survivor)	
	Signature		
	Date&place		

#### NOTE:

It is made clear that access to locker is given to survivor(s) / nominee(s) only as a trustee of the legal heirs of the deceased locker hirer on the condition that such access if given to survivor(s) / nominee(s) shall not affect the right or claim which any person may have against the survivor(s) / nominee(s) to whom the access is given.

# Annexure – 7(a): Form of Inventory of Contents of Safety Locker Hired from Banking Company

			(To be use	ed whe	re th	ere is no	nomir	nation	or survivo	rship cla	use)					
The fo	ollowing inve		contents Bran							located	in	the	Safe	Deposit	Vault	0
* hired	by Shri/Smt					<del></del>	(dece	ased)	in his/her	sole nan	ne.					
* hired		,							(decease Jointly	ed)						
was tak	en on this			day o	f			20								
Sr.No	Description of	of Articles	in Safety L	ocker	Ot	her ident	ifying	particu	ılars, if an	ıy						

For the purpose of inventory, access to the locker was given to the legal heir(s)/a person mandated by the legal heir(s) and surviving hirers

- By breaking open the locker under his/her/their instructions.
- Who produced the key to the locker. (Delete whichever is not applicable)



The above inventory was taken in the presence of : Legal heirs fo deceased joint hirer(s)/person mandated by legal heirs

1.	Shri/Smt	
	Address .	(Signature)
		(0)
		(Signature)
	An	
	Survivors of Joint hirers	
	(Signature) Address	
	Shri/Smt.	(Signature)
	Address.	
2. W	itness (es) with name, ad	nd signature:
	Shri/Smt.	
	Address	(Signature)
	Shri/Smt	
		(Signature)



# ABU DHABI COMMERICAL BANK INDIA [ADCBI] Address .\_\_\_\_\_

	ACK	NOWLEDGEMENT
* I, Shri/Smt		legal heir/mandate holder
* We, Shri/Smt.		<del></del>
		surviving hirers
hereby acknowledge the receip a copy of the said inventory.	t of the contents of the sa	afety locker comprised in ad set out in the above inventory together wit
Shri/Smt.		
(Legal Heir/Mandate Holder)		
Shri/Smt.	Signature	
Shri/Smt	Signature	<del></del>
Shri/Smt	Signature	
Date & Place	·····	



### (\* Delete whichever is not applicable)

### Annexure-8: Form of Inventory of articles left in Safe Custody with banking company

(Section 45ZC (3) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949)

	(To be used when	e there is nomination of survivorship c	ause)
The fol	lowing inventory of articles left in safe custod (deceased) under an agr	dy withbrancheement/receipt dated was take	n, by Shri/Smt. n on this, day of
Sr.No.	Description of Articles in Safe Custody	Other Identifying Particulars, if any	
1.	ove inventory was taken in the presence of: Shri/Smt Shri/Smt	(Nominee)	
	(Appointed on behalf of minor Nom	inee)	
Addres	ss		
Addres	ss		
Signatu	ure		



Signature	<del></del>
I, Shri/Smt articles comprised and set out in the	(Nominee / appointed on behalf of minor Nominee) hereby acknowledge receipt of the ne above inventory together with a copy of the said inventory.
Shri/Smt.	(Nominee)
Signature	
Date & Place	<del></del>
Shri/Smt.	
(Appointed on behalf of min	or Nominee)
Signature	
Date & Place	

#### NOTE:

It is made clear that access to safe custody articles is given to survivor(s) / nominee(s) only as a trustee of the legal heirs of the deceased depositor of Safe Custody articles on the condition that such access if given to survivor(s) / nominee(s) shall not affect the right or claim which any person may have against the survivor(s) / nominee(s) to whom the access is given.

(Presently our Bank is not offering Locker facility in India hence this clause is not applicable).

# Annexure – 8 (a): Form of Inventory of articles left in Safe Custody with banking company

	(To be used	where there is	no nom	nination or su	ırvivo	rship clause)	
	owing inventory of articles left in safe cus branch, by Sh n this, day of20			(dece	eased)	) under on agreement/receipt dated	_ was
Sr.No	Description of Articles in Safet Locker	1		particulars,	if		
	ove inventory was taken in the presence e eirs or a person mandated by legal heirs	of,					
1	1. Shri/Smt			(Signature)			
	Address .			(Signature)			
2	2. Shri/Smt			(Signature)	<del></del>		
	Address		_	(Signature)			



## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT** \* I, Shri/Smt. legal heir/mandate holder \* We, Shri/Smt. legal heirs and Shri/Smt. surviving hirers hereby acknowledge the receipt of the articles comprised and set out in the above inventory together with a copy of the said inventory. Shri/Smt. (Legal Heir/Mandate Holder) Shri/Smt. \_\_\_\_\_Signature Signature Shri/Smt. Shri/Smt. .\_\_\_\_ Signature Date & Place \_\_\_\_\_ (\* Delete whichever is not applicable)



### Annexure – 9: Legal heirs under various personal laws

#### i) Hindus

- a) Primary heirs of a Hindu male are:
  - i. Son(s)
  - ii. Daughter(s)
  - iii. Wife
  - iv. Mother
  - v. Children of Predeceased children
  - vi. Widow of predeceased son
  - vii. Children of predeceased grand children
- b) Primary heir(s) of a Hindu female are:
  - i. Son(s)
  - ii. Daughter(s)
  - iii. Husband
  - iv. Children of predeceased children

#### ii) Muslims

a) Primary heirs of a Sunni Muslim are:



- i. Son(s)
- ii. Daughter(s)
- iii. Father
- iv. Mother
- v. Spouse (Husband/Wife)
- b) Primary heirs of a Shia Muslim are:
  - i. Spouse (Husband/Wife)
  - ii. Mother
  - iii. Father
  - iv. Son(s)
  - v. Daughter(s)

#### iii) Christians

- a) Primary heirs of a Christian are:
  - i. Spouse (Husband/Wife)
  - ii. Son(s)
  - iii. Daughter(s)

#### iv) Parsis

- a) Primary heirs of a Parsi male are:
  - i. Wife (Widow)



- ii. Son(s)
- iii. Daughter(s)
- iv. Mother
- v. Father
- vi. Children of predeceased children
- b) Primary heirs of a Parsi female are:
  - i. Husband
  - ii. Son(s)
  - iii. Daughter(s)
  - iv. Children of predeceased children

(Presently our Bank is not offering Locker facility in India hence this clause is not applicable).